



Use Models for Extending IEEE 1687 to Analog Test

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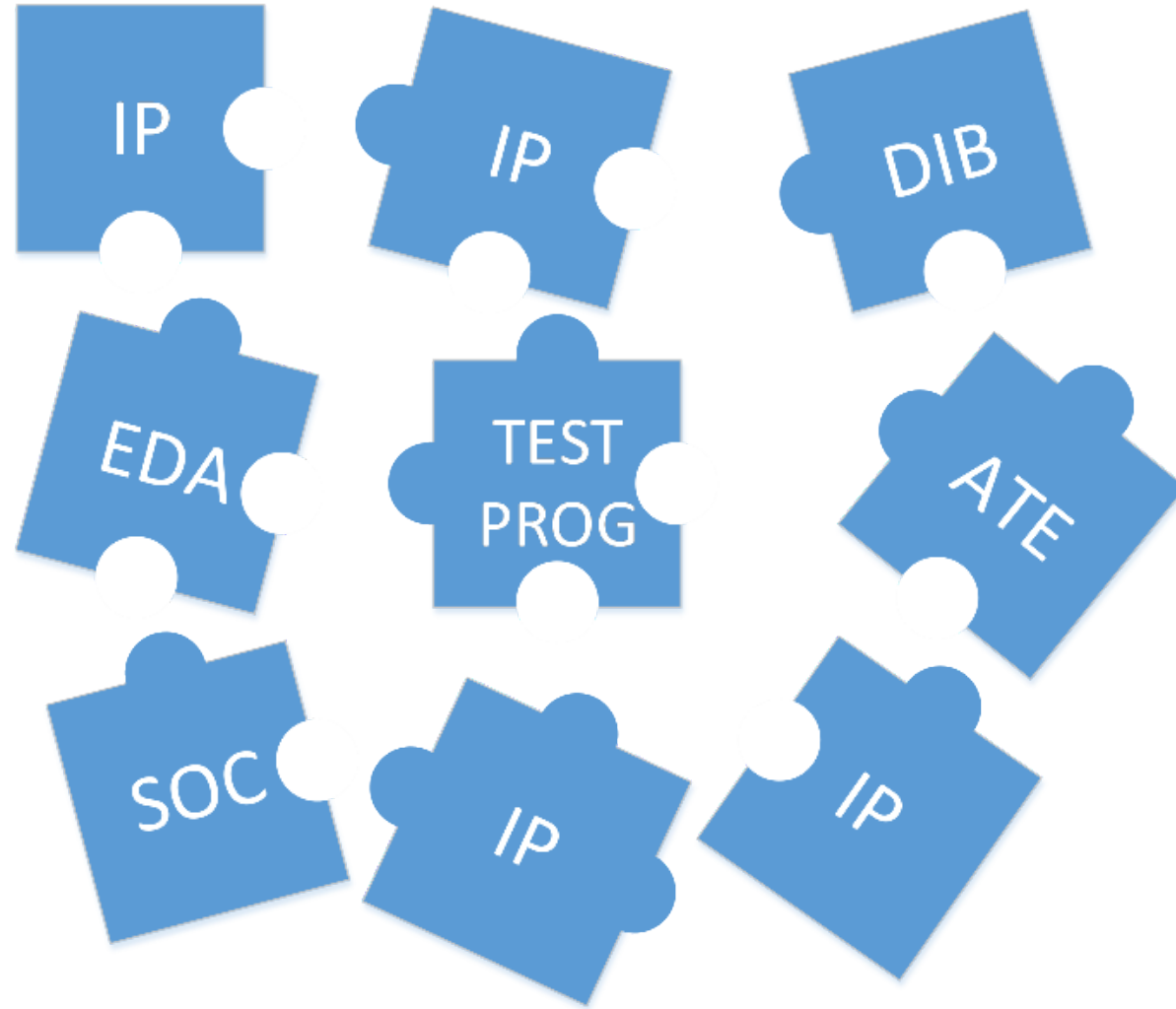
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Today's Disconnected Ecosystem



Purpose

- How the proposed IEEE 1687 can be extended to differing complexities of analog and mixed-signal chips.
- How the proposed IEEE 1687 can be extended across the ecosystem of the full chip process to also include ATE.
- What implications these use models have on the 1687 PDL and ICL languages.
 - New commands

Outline

- Show 4 use cases of analog 1687 with examples
- Describe 9 extensions/additions to PDL to form (A)PDL
- Describe extensions to ICL language to extend capabilities to ATE, Including the associated PDL
- Future EDA ecosystem

Introduction

- **Today's IEEE 1687 is**
 - Aimed at digital circuitry – builds upon 1500 to access onboard instruments via SCAN registers
 - ***Mainly digital but does not exclude analog***
- **Analog Test has been a longstanding problem in the industry**
 - No standardization, no EDA automation
 - No linkage from Design to ATE
 - Pretty much a fully manual process

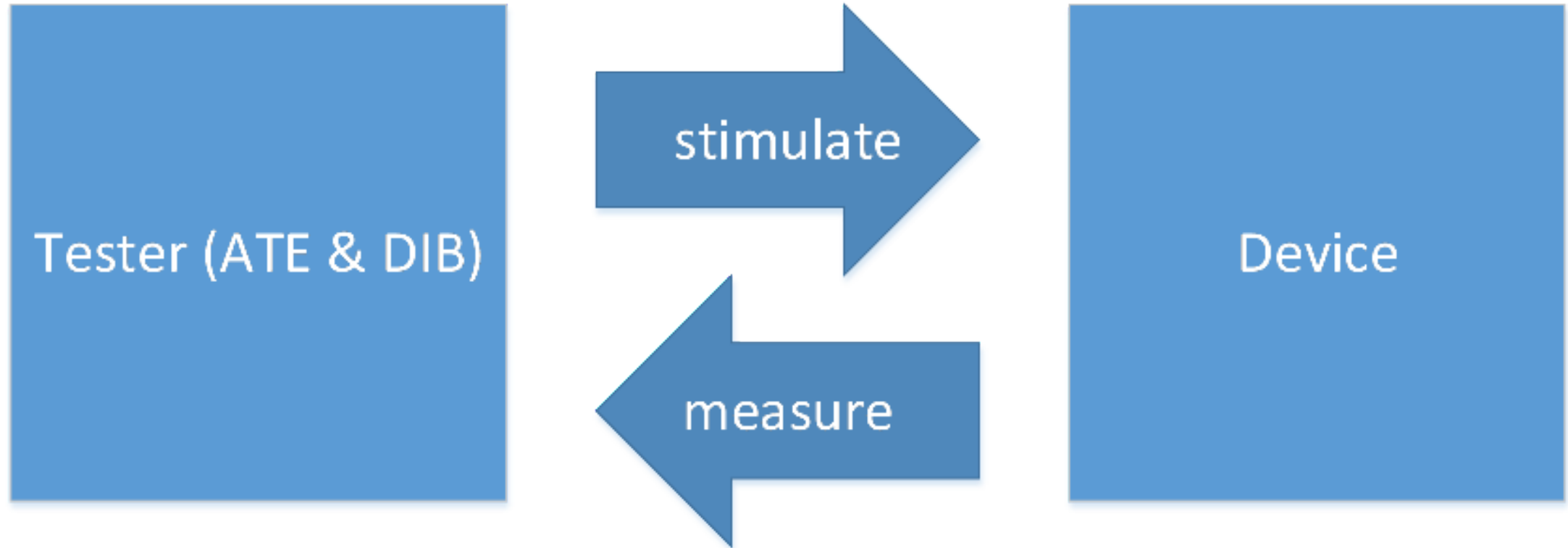
Introduction

- There is a clear need for improving the development and bring up for analog tests.
- A structured method, which facilitates pattern re-use would be beneficial

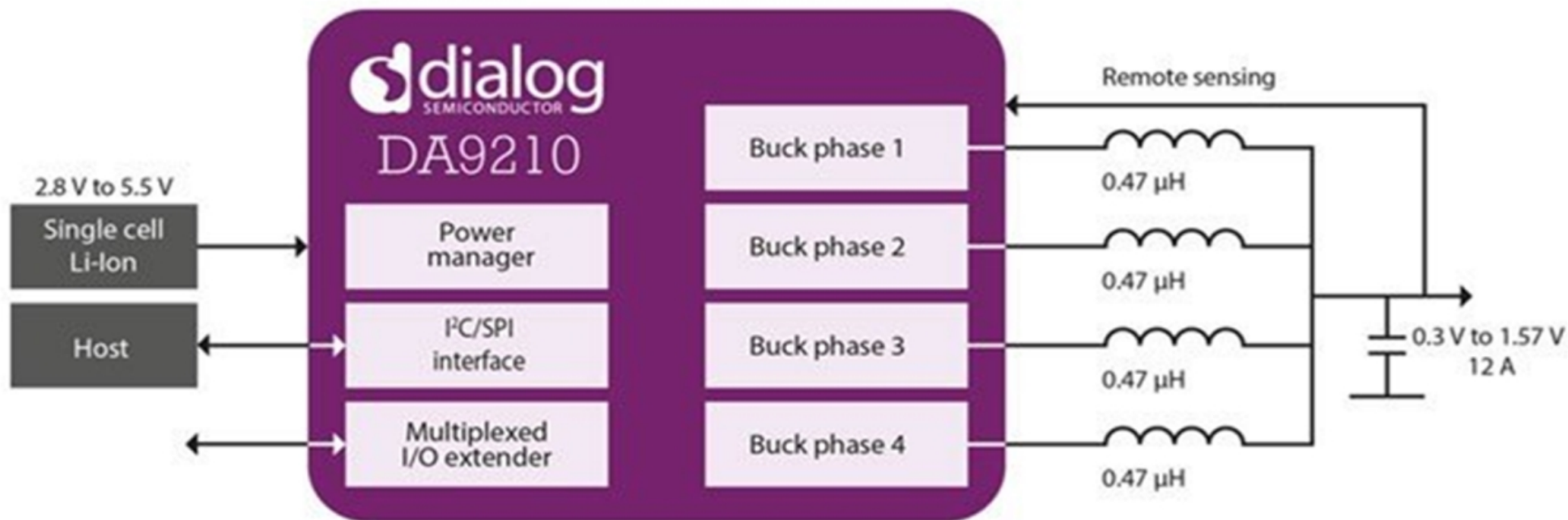
Analog/Mixed Signal Use Model Overview

- I will now present 4 use models based on the ecosystem of how tests are applied to Analog Mixed Signal Devices

Use Model 1 - Classical



Use Model 1 - Classical



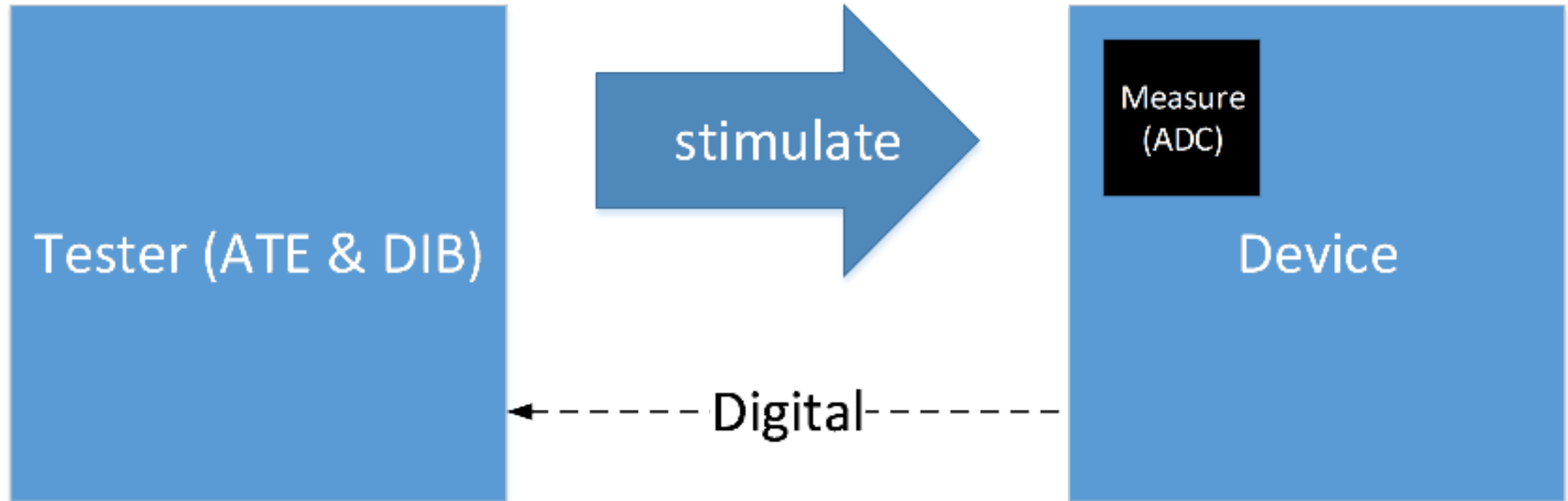
Use Model 1 - Classical

- All though a power converter would not be the 1st thought for a 1687 application.
- Description of ATE instrument in ICL and PDL would allow
 - Programming of ATE instruments with standardized code that could be leveraged for device IP blocks and easily ported between design
 - **Produce a go to standard for analog test writing in PDL**

Use Model 1 - Classical

- **No design information of ATE instruments needed.**
- Simply provide the ports and register information necessary for a test to utilize them using ICL.
- Implementation by either test writer or retargeting tool

Use Model 2 - DUT has some instruments



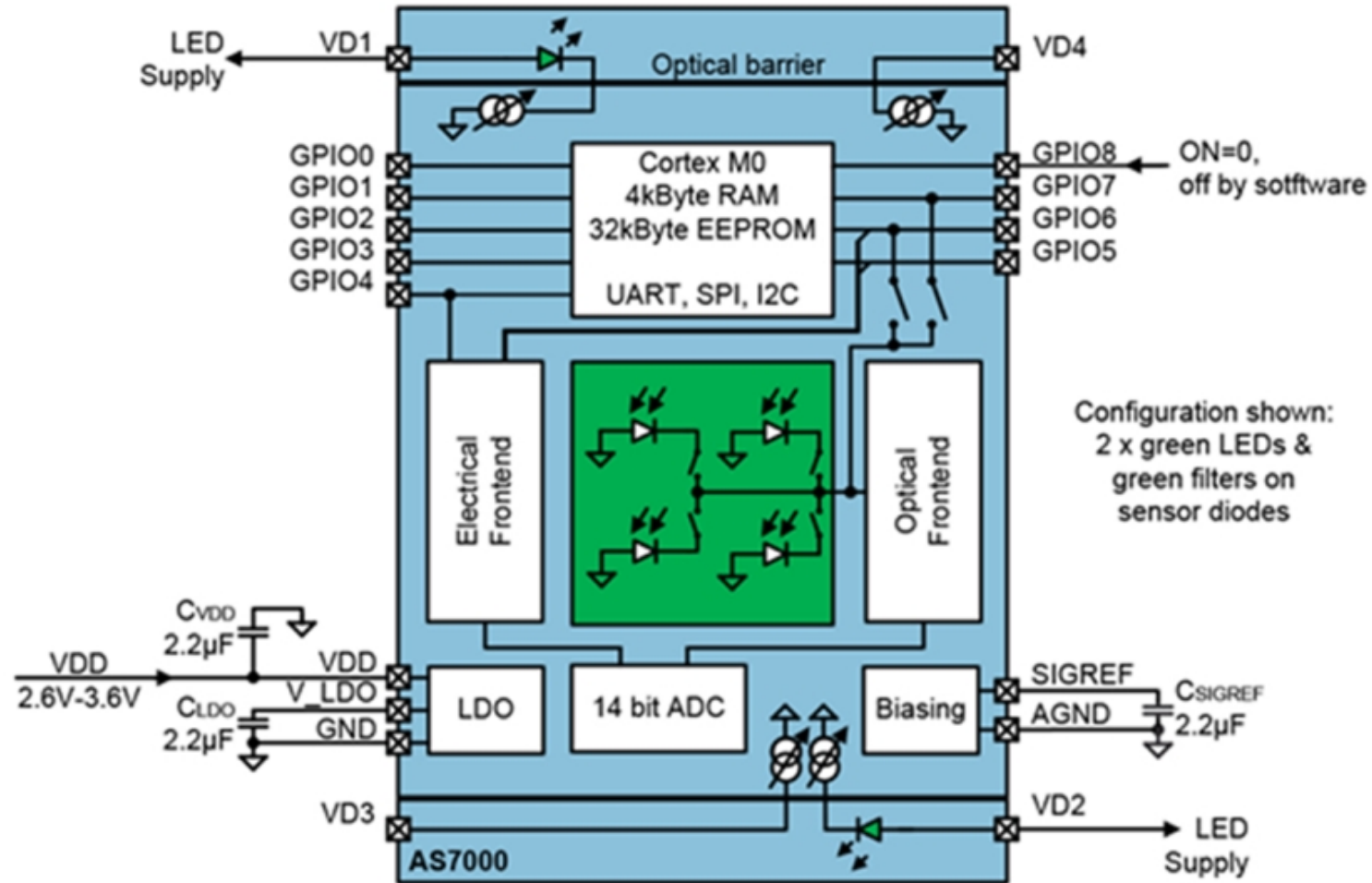
Use Model 2 - DUT has some instruments

- Mixed-signal chips may contain on-chip arbitrary waveform generators, DACs
- Analog circuits may be connected to on-chip measurement instruments e.g. comparators, ADCs, time counters
- All with a digital interface either to program or readout the result

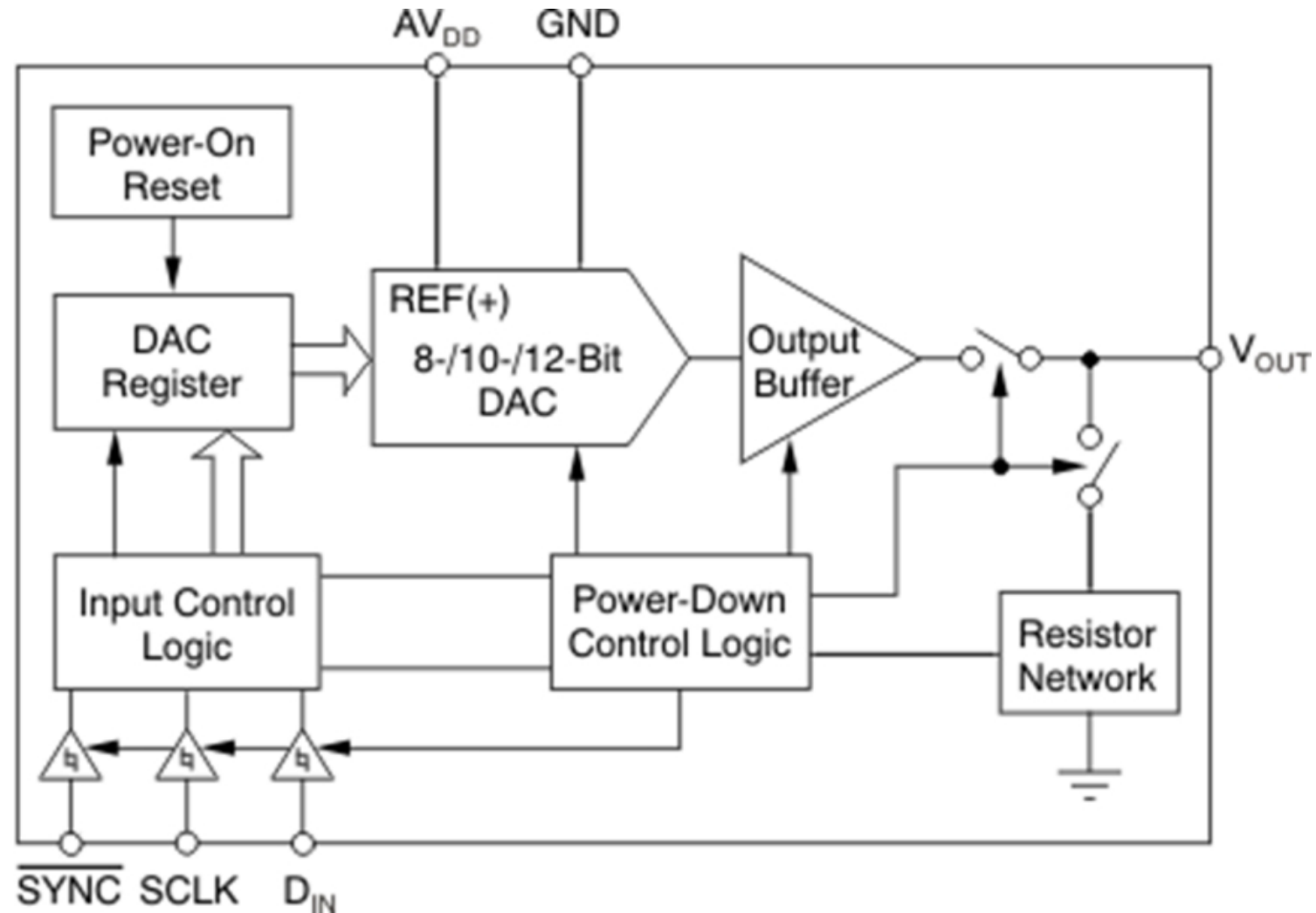
Use Model 2 - DUT has some instruments

- Both examples need Analog ATE, to either Stimulate or Measure

Use Model 2 - Examples



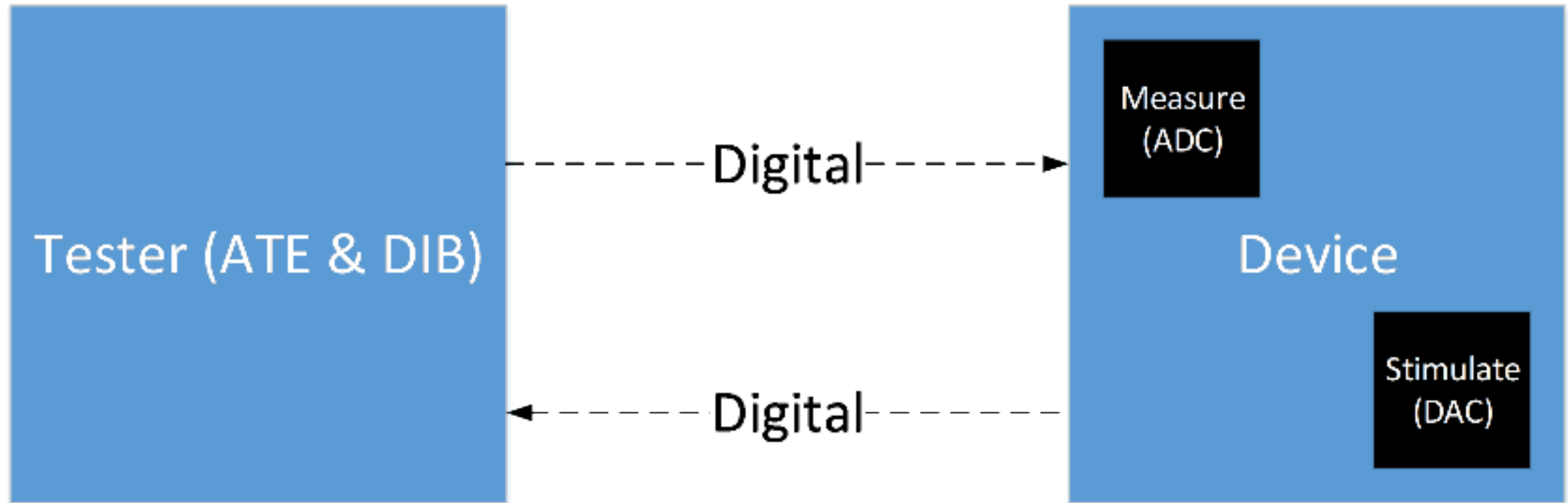
Use Model 2 - Examples



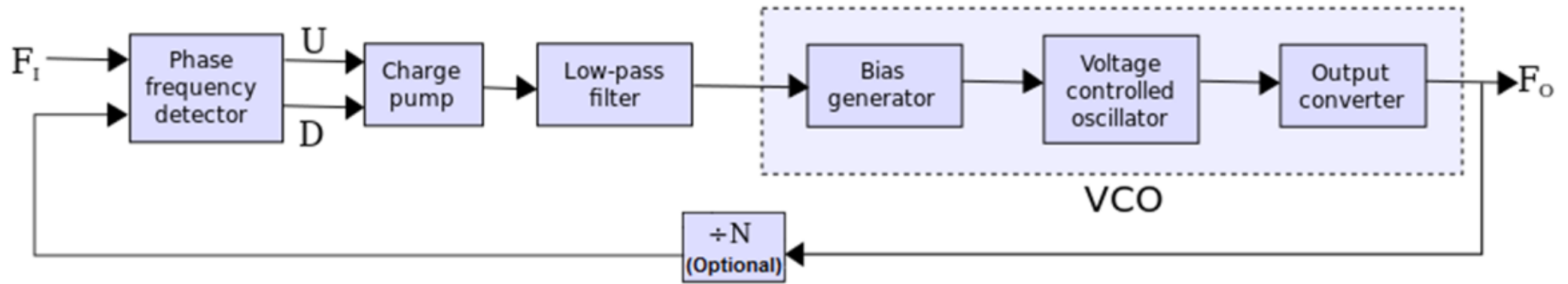
Use Model 2

- This model has more independence from the specific ATE due to more digital capability.
 - **But still requires analog signals.**
- As in the Use Model 1, it would be highly desirable for the ATE to provide procedures for typical ATE source/measure statements
 - i.e. ICL connection description and PDL test code for instrument operation

Use Model 3 - Stimulus & Response are digital



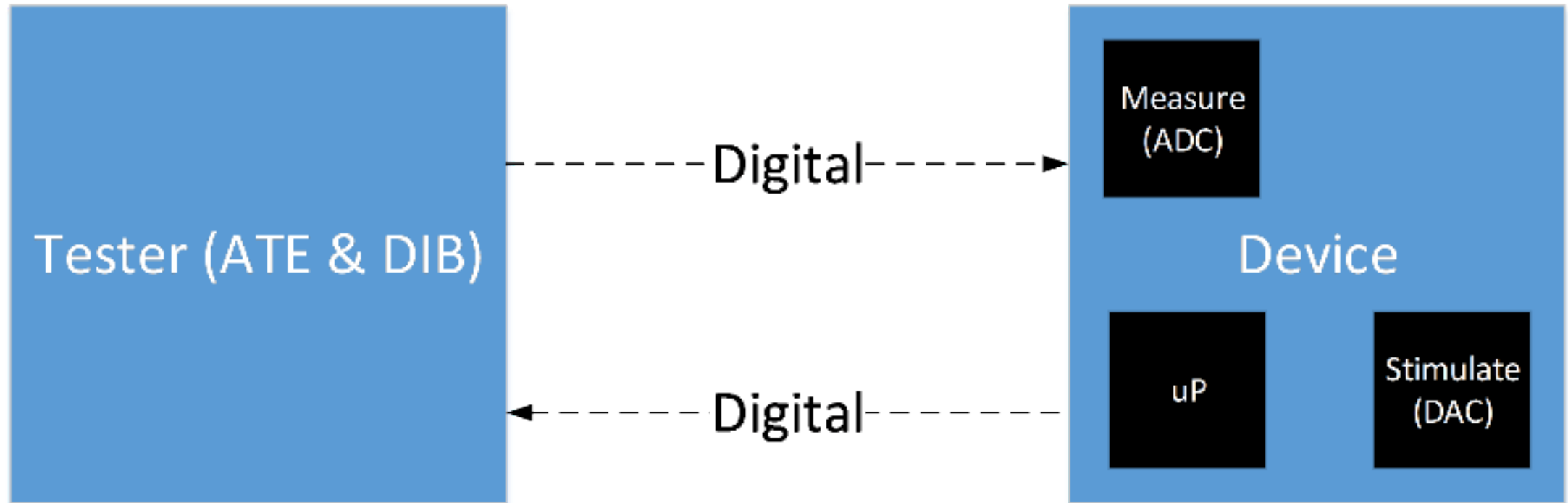
Use Model 3 - Example



Use Model 3 - Example

- One digital input and one digital output but huge amount of analog circuitry in between.
- PLLs have measurement instruments that produce digital outputs
 - **These are perfectly suited for use with IEEE 1687.**
- This ATE use model is purely digital and the tests can be written in a portable (tester-independent) manner using PDL.

Use Model 4 – Model 3 with Intelligence



Use Model 4 – Model 3 with Intelligence

- Having a BIST onboard could allow
 - Reduced test data volume and associated test time when BIST is employed
 - Other tests may be performed concurrently while the analog self-test is underway
 - **ATE can be less complex and therefore significantly cheaper**

New PDL Commands - iForce

- iForce instead of iWrite
 - With addition arguments, "iForce I_in 10 mA" or "iForce ADC_in 1.2 V 1.0e3 Hz" would cover DC current stimulus and AC voltage stimulus, respectively.

New PDL Commands - iMeasure

- iMeasure instead of iRead
 - "iMeasure DAC_out 1V 1kHz" would cover DC current response and AC voltage response, respectively.
 - With an expected range to give a pass/fail result

New PDL Commands – Real Number & Units

- PDL has no concept of analog values, for (A)PDL
 - iForce & iMeasure commands need to contain two parts :-
 - a numerical portion
 - unit of measurement
 - i.e. 10 mV as in standard within ATE equipment

New PDL Commands – iStream

- iStream should be implemented for fast and efficient simultaneous access to DAC's and ADC
- Defined by Steve Sunter, J.F. Cote and Jeff Rearick, ITC 2015

New PDL Commands – iSample

- iRunLoop and iApply are ok for coarse – e.g. wait times in ATE run time code
- For accurate pattern synchronized timing a new command is needed :-
 - iSample should be included
 - This would sample a number of clocks as would be done in an ATE digital pattern.

New PDL Commands

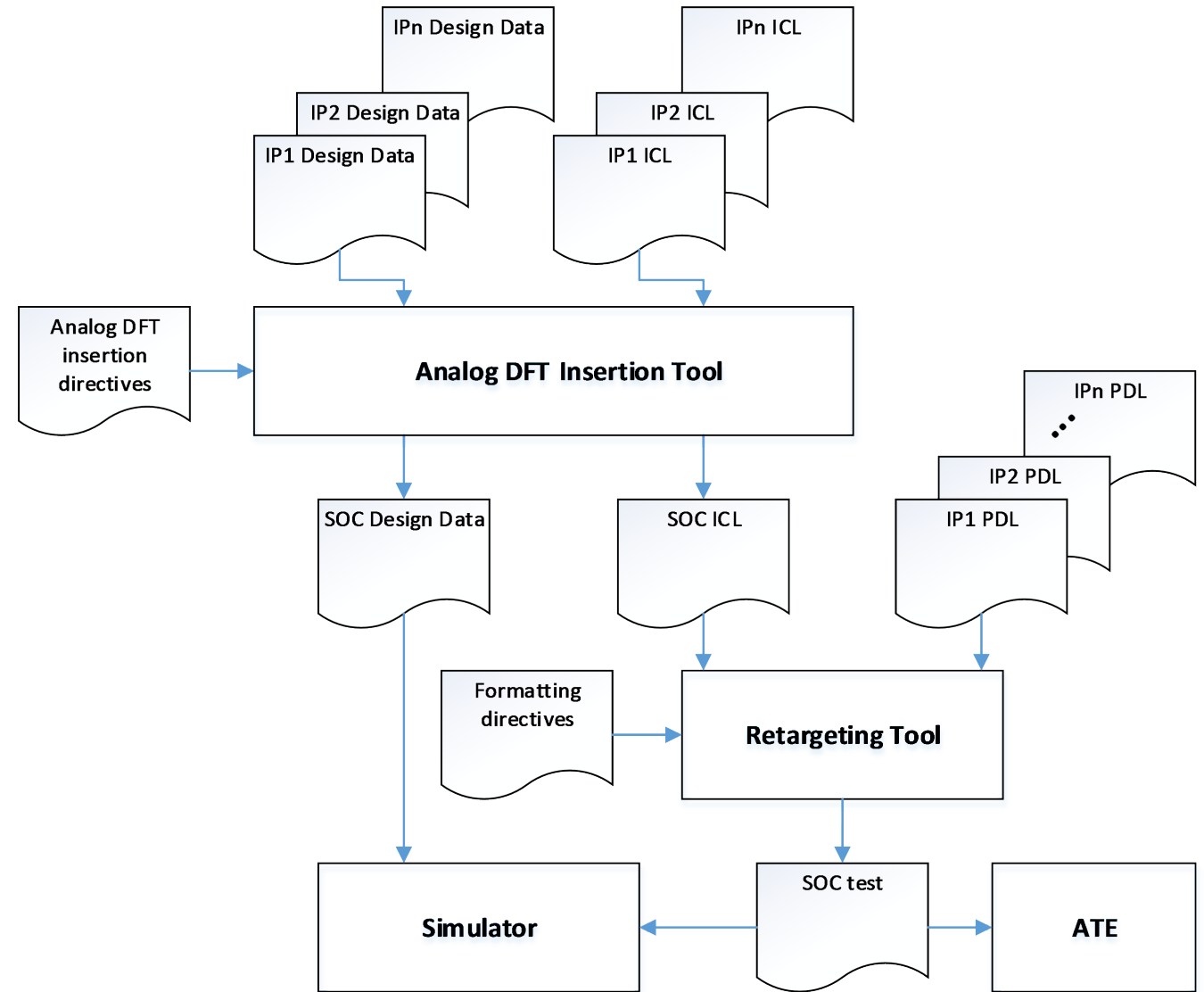
<u>Keyword Description</u>	<u>New PDL Command</u>
Keyword to specify Stimulus	iForce
Keyword to specify Response	iMeasure
Keyword for DAC/ADC wrappers	iStream
Keyword for precise wait time	iSample

ATE Extensions

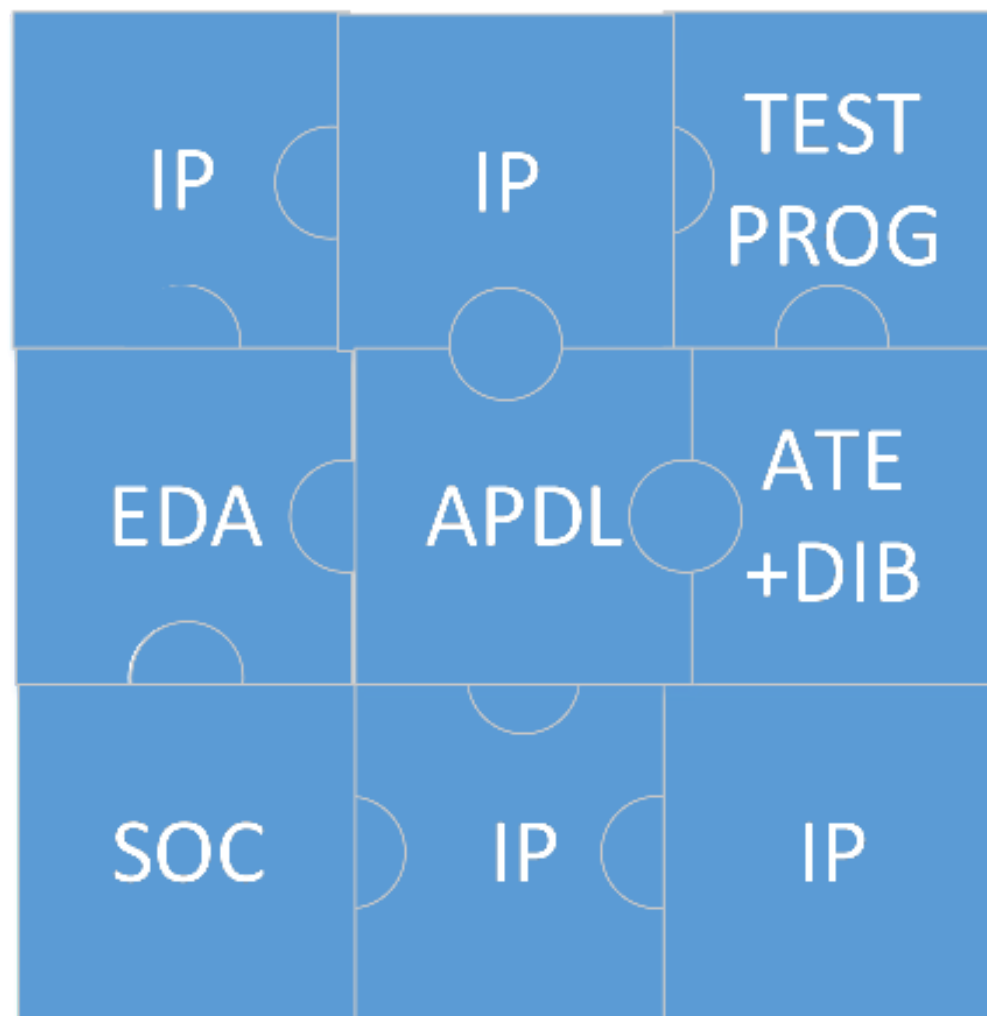
- ATE user documentation to include ICL
- iProc is a procedural call that executes a specific task on IP
- To enable 1687 on ATE
 - Creation of iProc library for ATE instrumentation
- **Having the combination of ICL and PDL of an ATE instrument will allow retargeting software to map instrument actions to the correct physical resources.**

New Ecosystem

- Envisaged Ecosystem
 - Analog DFT insertion tool
 - Retargeting Tool
 - **Output to either simulator or ATE**



1687.?? Enabled Ecosystem



IEEE Study Group

- IEEE Study Group for Analog Test Access and Coverage was established in July 2017
 - **If you would like to participate please email me at peter.sarson@ams.com for an invitation.**
- Goal is to complete 2 Project Authorization Requests to become 2 Working Groups by Q1 2018,
 - Analog Test Access
 - Analog Fault Modeling

Conclusion

- 4 use models have identified specific interactions between ATE and AMS circuits.
 - Shows that 1687 can serve as structured approach to Analog DFT
- 18 recommendations for the improvement of the ICL and PDL
- Recommendations for new practices of ATE providers and instrument designers