

P1752 Working Group Meeting

Sponsored by IEEE Engineering in Medicine & Biology (EMB) Standards Committee

Please mark your attendance at:
https://tinyurl.com/yc3oxg6q
(see chat window)

- 12 March 2019
- Teleconference

Attendance

- This document shows attendance from previous calls https://tinyurl.com/yc3oxg6q (link in the chat window of join.me). If you attended the call, please verify that your name is listed
 - If not, email <u>simona@openmhealth.org</u>
- Put your name and affiliation in the chat window for attendance today.
 - If your name is not listed, or if you are joining only via phone, please email simona@openmhealth.org with "P1752 WG call" as subject
- Attendance is important for determining voting rights, so please remember to "check in"
- Voting rights are granted according to the P&P after attending two consecutive calls and by explicit request to the Secretary

IEEE Patent Policy

Participants have a duty to inform the IEEE

- Participants <u>shall</u> inform the IEEE (or cause the IEEE to be informed) of the identity
 of each holder of any potential Essential Patent Claims of which they are personally
 aware if the claims are owned or controlled by the participant or the entity the
 participant is from, employed by, or otherwise represents
- Participants <u>should</u> inform the IEEE (or cause the IEEE to be informed) of the identity of any other holders of potential Essential Patent Claims

Early identification of holders of potential Essential Patent Claims is encouraged



Ways to inform IEEE

- Cause an LOA to be submitted to the IEEE-SA (patcom@ieee.org); or
- Provide the chair of this group with the identity of the holder(s) of any and all such claims as soon as possible; or
- Speak up now and respond to this Call for Potentially Essential Patents

If anyone in this meeting is personally aware of the holder of any patent claims that are potentially essential to implementation of the proposed standard(s) under consideration by this group and that are not already the subject of an Accepted Letter of Assurance, please respond at this time by providing relevant information to the WG Chair



Other guidelines for IEEE WG meetings

- All IEEE-SA standards meetings shall be conducted in compliance with all applicable laws, including antitrust and competition laws.
 - Don't discuss the interpretation, validity, or essentiality of patents/patent claims.
 - Don't discuss specific license rates, terms, or conditions.
 - Relative costs of different technical approaches that include relative costs of patent licensing terms may be discussed in standards development meetings.
 - Technical considerations remain the primary focus
 - Don't discuss or engage in the fixing of product prices, allocation of customers, or division of sales markets.
 - Don't discuss the status or substance of ongoing or threatened litigation.
 - Don't be silent if inappropriate topics are discussed ... do formally object.

For more details, see IEEE-SA Standards Board Operations Manual, clause 5.3.10 and Antitrust and Competition Policy: What You Need to Know at http://standards.ieee.org/develop/policies/antitrust.pdf



Patent-related information

The patent policy and the procedures used to execute that policy are documented in the:

- IEEE-SA Standards Board Bylaws (http://standards.ieee.org/develop/policies/ bylaws/sect6-7.html#6)
- IEEE-SA Standards Board Operations Manual (http://standards.ieee.org/develop/policies/opman/sect6.html#6.3)

Material about the patent policy is available at http://standards.ieee.org/about/sasb/patcom/materials.html

If you have questions, contact the IEEE-SA Standards
Board Patent Committee Administrator at
patcom@ieee.org



Determination of Quorum https://tinyurl.com/yc3oxg6q

Approval of Agenda

- 1. Attendance
- 2. Call for Patents
- 3. Approval of agenda and of prior minutes (if quorum present)
- 4. Updates from subgroups
- 5. Discussion: upcoming activities
- 6. Other business

Approval of Prior Minutes

(February 12 and 26)

Update: Physical Activity and Mobility (PA&M) Schema Subgroup

Physical Activity & Mobility (PAM) Sub-group

- 1. Developed PA schema
 - PA (type, duration, step count)
- 2. Thinking of next Schemas
 - PA Goal
 - Energy expenditure
 - Geotrace and Geomobility
 - Sensor Schema
- 3. Next Meeting: Thursday Mar 14, 2019 (11am to 11:45am Eastern Time)

Update: Sleep Schema Subgroup

Sleep Schema Subgroup Update (1)

>Status

Quantitative sleep measure task group:

- ---Walked through/Discussed the revised or new schemas with their sample data in the sleep subgroup call total_sleep_time schema and sample data
 - time_in_bed sample data
 - sleep_stages schema and sample data
 - sleep apnea schema and sample data
- ---Sleep subgroup is reviewing the drafted schemas
- --- Drafting team has started to review and address the review comments

Qualitative sleep measure task group:

- ---Drafted the following schemas:
 - Stanford Sleepiness Scale
 - **OSA Stop Bang**



Sleep Schema Subgroup Update (2)

≻Next Steps

Quantitative sleep measure task group:

- ---Complete reviewing the drafted schemas by the sleep subgroup
- ---Draft team address the review comments (e.g. modify the schemas, etc.)

Qualitative sleep measure task group:

- ---Complete drafting the schemas (need more people to sign up)
- ➤ Sleep schema subgroup meeting slides/minutes:

http://sites.ieee.org/sagroups-1752/sleep-subgroup-meeting-materials/

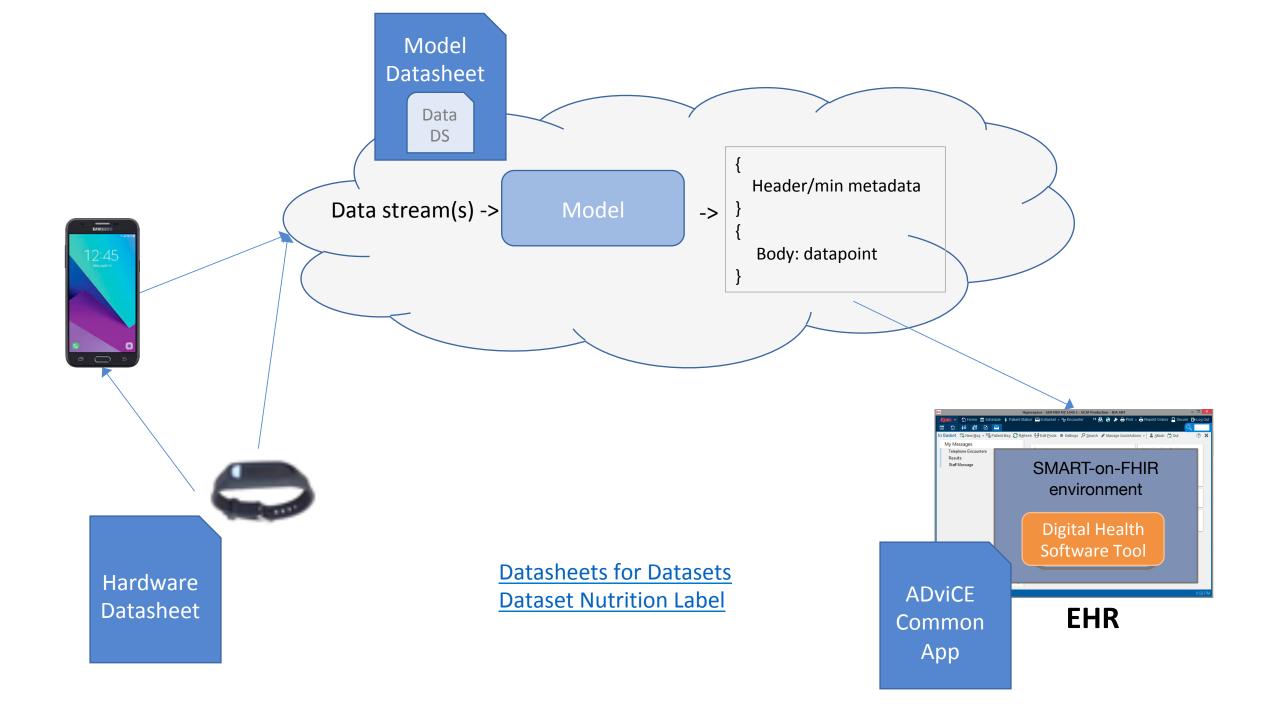
> Drafted schemas:

https://ieee-sa.imeetcentral.com/omh/folder/WzIwLDEwMjY4MDc4XQ/

- ➤ Next subgroup meeting: April 2, 2019 11:30am to 12:30 pm
- > Join the sleep group: email charlotte.chen@Philips.com or Simona.Carini@UCSF.EDU



Discussion: Beyond Minimum Metadata



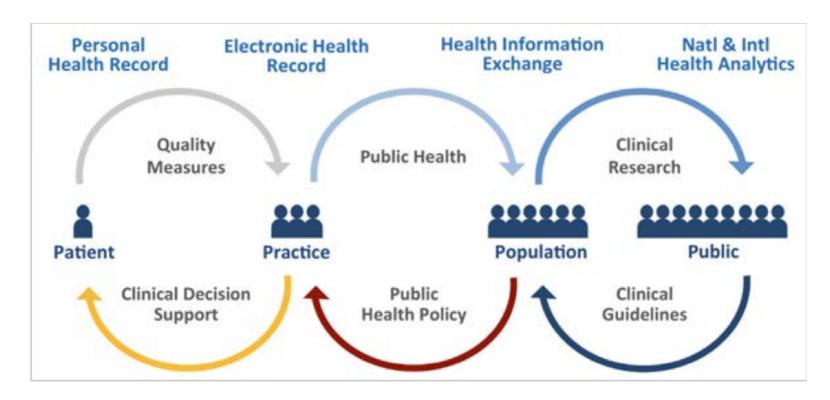
Discussion: Presentation by Andrew Auerbach (UCSF, ADviCE)

ADviCE Overview for partners

Digital health software tools show great promise across the learning health system

Focus areas:

- Population health
- Chronic disease management
- Consumer experience
- Artificial intelligence
- Precision medicine
- Collaborative patientcentered care across institutions
- Patient-reported outcomes
- Data from consumer apps and sensors



Potential purchasers remain uncertain how to adopt

45%

Healthcare systems with a "standard process to assess whether to pilot a digital solution"

51%

Healthcare systems with a "standard process to decide whether to take a digital innovation pilot to scale"

AHA & AVIA Digital Innovation Survey (Sep 2017)



















Accelerated Digital Clinical Ecosystem (ADviCE)

A collaborative that shares best practices and data for integrating digital health software tools into clinical practice

- <u>ADviCE's Vision</u> is to become world's leading digital health collaborative workspace, linking patients, providers, innovators and health systems to advance health and improve healthcare delivery.
- <u>ADviCE's Mission</u> is to provide information and tools that enable effective and safe use of digital health software tools in clinical practice.























Core team & Partners



Andy Auerbach UCSF



Julia Adler-Milstein **UCSF**



David Bates Partners Healthcare



Ken Kawamoto University of Utah



Steve Peters Mayo Clinic



Cris Ross Mayo Clinic



Maulin Shah Providence St. Joseph



David Amor Pear Therapeutics



Heather Colvin Johnson & Johnson



Howard Look Tidepool



lyan John APIAHF



Trent Haywood BCBS Association



Raman Khanna UCSF



Aaron Neinstein UCSF



Marisa Cruz FDA



Martin Ho FDA



Bakul Patel FDA



Mark Savage UCSF



Ralph Brindis UCSF



Gautam Shah UCSF



Steven Chan UCSF

















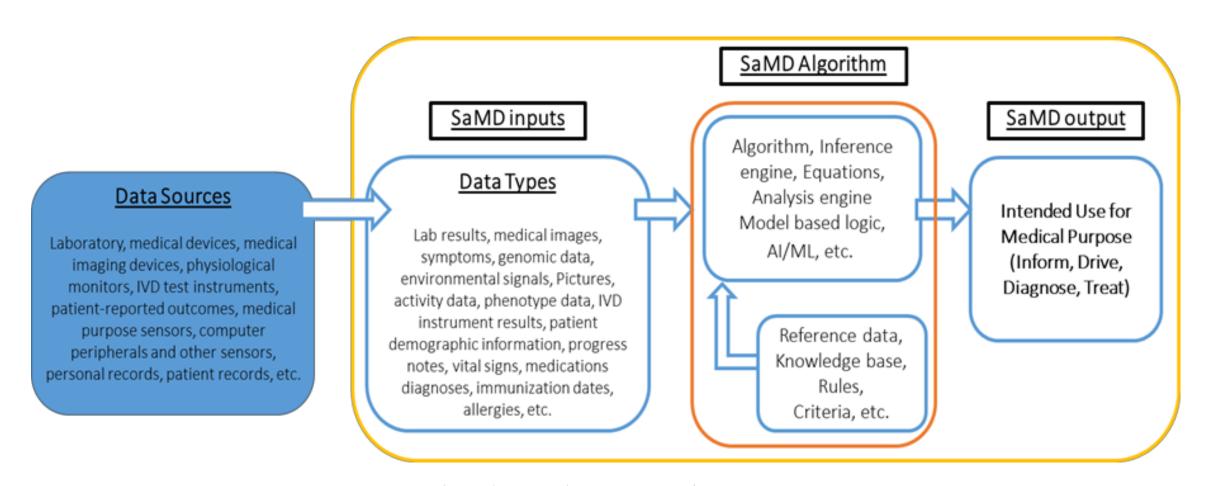








PreCert Focus: Software as a Medical Device (SaMD)

























Synergy of FDA and ADviCE: Overview

Market Access
Authorization
(Precertification)

Market Access
(Common Application)

Market Adoption
(Screening and Integration Checklist)

(Real-World Performance)

FDA

 Precertification of the quality of vendors and their SaMD

ADVICE

- Sharing best practices, and engaging vendors, patients, and payors
- Access to comparator health systems and partners for deeper understanding of digital health software tools in practice























How might we speed adoption of digital health software

Barriers	Potential Solutions
Lack of technical standards	FHIR, Argonaut, Health Services Platform Consortium (HSPC)
Complex regulatory frameworks	FDA PreCert
Poor health system readiness	ADviCE
Vendor uncertainty around health system expectations	ADviCE
Lack of efficacy data	PreCert + ADviCE (defining real-world outcomes)
Reimbursement models	Multi-stakeholder
Swirling and Stuck	Adopted into Care Delivery

























Digital Health Common Application



Digital Health Integration Best Practices Framework



Market Surveillance and Real-World Performance

























Digital Health Common Application











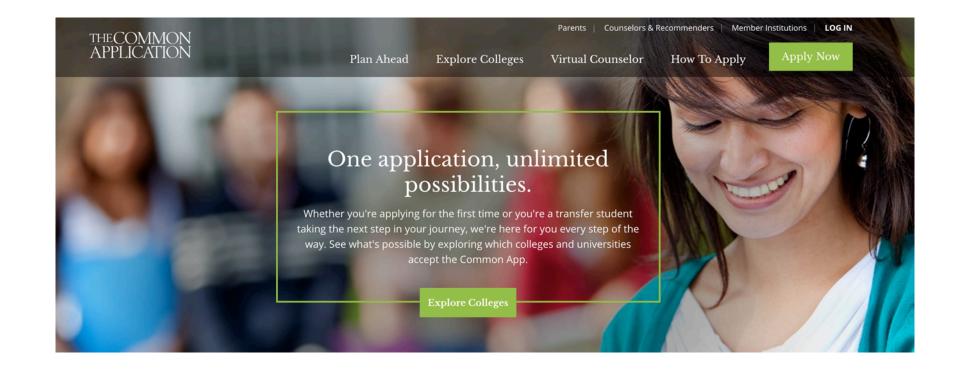


































DHCA: A package insert for Digital Health

INVOKANA®

Revised: 07/2017 076265-170714

(canagliflozin) tablets, for oral use

HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use INVOKANA® safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for INVOKANA.

INVOKANA (canagliflozin) tablets, for oral use Initial U.S. Approval: 2013

WARNING: LOWER LIMB AMPUTATION

See full prescribing information for complete boxed warning.

- In patients with type 2 diabetes who have established cardiovascular disease (CVD) or at risk for CVD, INVOKANA has been associated with lower limb amputations, most frequently of the toe and midfoot; some also involved the leg (5.1)
- Before initiating, consider factors that may increase the risk of amputation. Monitor patients receiving INVOKANA to infections or ulcers of the lower limbs, and discontinue if these decur, (5.1)

-- RECENT MAJOR TANGES

Boxed Warning

Warnings and Precautions (5.1)

ons (5.1)
- INDICATIONS AND USAGE -----

INVOKANA is a sodium-glucose co-transporter 2 (SCL-2) inhibitor indicated as an adjunct to diet and exercise to improye obsernic control in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus (1)

Limitation of Use:

Not for treatment of type 1 diabetes mellitus or diabetic ketoacidesis (1)

---- DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION ==

- The recommended starting dose is 100 mg onc daily, taken before the first meal of the day (2.1)
- Dose can be increased to 300 mg ance daily in patients tolerating INVOKANA 100 mg once daily who have an eGFR of 60 mL/min/1.73 m² or greater and require additional glycemic control (2.1)

greater and require additional gryceniic control (2.1)

INVOKANA® (canagliflozin) tablets

- Hypotension: Before initiating INVOKANA, assess volume states and correct hypovolemia in patients with renal impairment, the elderly, in patients with low systolic blood pressure, or if on diureties, ACEi, or ARB. Monitor for signs and symptoms during therapy (5.2)
- Ketoacidosis: Assess patients who present van signs and symptoms of metabolic acidosis for ketoacidosis, rep. diess of blood glucose level. If suspected, discontinue INVOKANA, evaluate and treat promptly. Bef. et initiating INVOKANA, consider risk factors for ketoacidosis. Patients on INVOKANA may require monitoring and temporary disposantiation of therapy in clinical strations known to predispose to ke accidosis (5.3)
- Acute kidney in any and impairment in renal function. Consider temporarily
 discontinging in settings of reduced oral indice or fluid losses. If acute
 kidney injury occurs, discontinue are promptly treat. Monitor renal
 infaction during therapy (5.4)
- Hyperkalemia: Monitor potensium levels in patients with impaired renal function and in patients predisposed to hyperkalemia (2,2,3,6,1,8,6)
- Urosepsis and py-conephritis: Evaluate patients for signs and symptoms of urinary trace infections and treat promptly, if indicated (5.6)
- Hypnodicemia: Consider a lower doe of insulin or the insulin retagogue to reduce the rist of hypoglycemia when used in combination with INVOKANA Is.
- Genital mycotic infections, Monitor and treat if indicated to
- Hypersensitivity reactions: Discontinue INVOKANA de monitor until signs and symptoms resolve (5.9)
- Bone fracture: Consider factors that contribute to fracture risk before initioning INVOKANA (5.10)

ncreased LDL-C: Monitor LDL-C and treat if appropriate (5.11)

----- ADVERSE REACTIONS --

 Most common adverse reactions associated with INVOKANA (5% or greater incidence): female genital mycotic infections, urinary tract infection, and increased urination (6.1)

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-800-526-7736 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

----- DRUG INTERACTIONS ---

. UGT inducers (e.g., rifampin): Canagliflozin exposure is reduced. Consider

Software version

Target users

Desired implementation approach

Data on effectiveness or safety (if any)

Where data go.
Who owns data.
Is the tool actually used
anywhere?























Digital Health Common Application

- A trusted resource for patients and those prescribing and integrating DHST into practice
 - Vendors/developers enter data themselves (Market Entry)
 - Vendors enter at time they contact potential 'customers'
 - Current customers enter information on DHST or SaMD currently in use or under consideration.
- A marketplace of users and vendors relying on validated information to make choices about how to work together

























Digital Health Integration Best Practices Framework





















ADviCE Implementation Best Practices Framework

- Consensus based best practices domains
 - Pre-implementation governance :
 - Does your site have a process for assessing for conflicts of interest?
 - Does your site require an executive sponsor before considering for implementation?
 - Data privacy and informatics
 - Does your site require service level agreements prior to use?
 - Does your site require a training plan prior to implementation?
 - Does your privacy process assess for subsidiary data vendors?



































Market Surveillance and Real-World Performance























Real-World Data: ADviCE

Real World Performance Analytics (RWPA)						
Product Performance Analytics (PPA)	User Experience Analytics (UXA)	Real World Health Analytics (RWHA)				
Cybersecurity	Human Factors, Usability Engineering, and Universal Design	Health Benefits				
Product Performance	User Satisfaction	Clinical Safety				
Interoperability	User Feedback Channels	Real World Usage				
Issue Resolution	User Engagement and Workflow					























ADviCE Real World Performance Data

- Technical goals
 - What are the technical requirements for 'instrumenting' selected DHST?
 - FHIR APIS to key data sources National/Payor, Local, Vendor
- Evaluation goals
 - What sort of evaluation is appropriate for the 'risk' of the DHST?
 - Which data sources would be needed to gain a picture of real-world performance?
 - How would data be shared/governed?























ADviCE's value proposition

- By providing a curated environment of vendors, health systems, and users,
 ADviCE will provide
 - Provide trustworthy information on digital tools and solutions
 - Which align with consumer and prescriber priorities
 - Which align with potential customers and regulators
 - Increase visibility of digital health's impact on health
 - Guide developers, investors, and innovators towards effective integration approaches
 - Provide information on how to speed adoption
 - Guide all stakeholders towards effective solutions, regardless of whether they are 'regulated'























	Curated warehouse of DHST	Regulatory awareness	Tools to make purchasing and use decisions	Engagement with DHST purchasers (or prescribers)	Engagement with patients	Emphasis on evaluation and post-market surveillance
Avia	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Valify	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
ORCHA	Yes	EU only	Use only	Through ratings	No	No
EXCERTIA	TBD	No	No	Yes	TBD	No
ADviCE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes























ADviCE 2019

- Take working DHCA prototype and expand its use to include DHST being integrated/used at partner sites
- Finalize the Integration Checklist's use in context of DHST and marketplace
- Evaluation data
 - Prioritization Which areas of the data model are most important to which stakeholders (and under which conditions)?
 - Instrumentation Using DHCA pilot groups as a guide to understanding the technical approaches
 - Evaluation plans Using DHCA pilot groups as a guide to understanding data requirements, potential registry designs























ADviCE 2019

- Fundraising to support 2019 goals, particularly the work of populating and validating the DHCA environment and instrumentation approach
- Grants to support collaborative meetings and consensus-format projects (prioritization)
- Coordinating with FDA around PreCert launch in 12/2019
 - Expanding beyond initial PreCert partners
 - Support for Collaborative Communities























Future Work

Summary of Action Items

Future Meetings

Upcoming Meetings

- Main WG
 - March 26: 8 AM (Pacific)
- Sleep subgroup
 - April 2, 2019 8:30am to 9:30 am (Pacific)
- PA&M subgroup
 - March 14, 2019 11 to 11:45 am (Eastern)

Adjournment